Ensure that high speed and/or high volume roads do not pose a barrier to bicycling in your community. It is important that your bike network is safe, comfortable, and navigable for people of all ages and abilities. Road and/or lane diets may be appropriate for calming traffic while providing safe and comfortable places for people to bike and walk.

Develop a bicycle wayfinding system with distance and destination information at strategic locations around the community, integrating preferred on street routes and off-street facilities.

Increase the amount of staff time spent on improving conditions for people who bike and walk. Consider hiring a Safe Routes to School Coordinator.

Bicycle-safety education should be a routine part of education, for students of all ages, and schools and the surrounding neighborhoods should be particularly safe and convenient for biking and walking. Work with local bicycle groups and interested parents to create Safe Routes to School programming for all schools.

Provide education to law enforcement officers on traffic laws as they apply to bicyclists and motorists and bicycling skills. Ensure that law enforcement officers who are not certified or trained as bicycle patrol officers nevertheless have basic training or experience with bicycling in your community in order to foster great interactions between bicyclists and police officers.

Adopt a comprehensive safety plan or a Vision Zero policy to create engineering, education, and enforcement strategies to reduce traffic crashes and deaths for all road users, including bicyclists and pedestrians. Road diets, lane diets, and traffic calming treatments are important engineering components for addressing safety.